NAG Fortran Library Routine Document \$13AAF

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of **bold italicised** terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

S13AAF returns the value of the exponential integral $E_1(x)$, via the routine name.

2 Specification

3 Description

The routine calculates an approximate value for

$$E_1(x) = \int_x^\infty \frac{e^{-u}}{u} du, \quad x > 0.$$

For $0 < x \le 4$, the approximation is based on the Chebyshev expansion

$$E_1(x) = y(t) - \ln x = \sum_r a_r T_r(t) - \ln x,$$

where $t = \frac{1}{2}x - 1$.

For x > 4,

$$E_1(x) = \frac{e^{-x}}{x}y(t) = \frac{e^{-x}}{x}\sum_{r}' a_r T_r(t),$$

where
$$t = -1.0 + 14.5/(x + 3.25) = \frac{11.25 - x}{3.25 + x}$$
.

In both cases, $-1 \le t \le +1$.

To guard against producing underflows, if $x > x_{hi}$ the result is set directly to zero. For the value of x_{hi} see the Users' Note for your implementation.

4 References

Abramowitz M and Stegun I A (1972) Handbook of Mathematical Functions (3rd Edition) Dover Publications

5 Parameters

1: X - real Input

On entry: the argument x of the function.

Constraint: X > 0.0.

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2: IFAIL – INTEGER

Input/Output

On entry: IFAIL must be set to 0, -1 or 1. Users who are unfamiliar with this parameter should refer to Chapter P01 for details.

On exit: IFAIL = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

For environments where it might be inappropriate to halt program execution when an error is detected, the value -1 or 1 is recommended. If the output of error messages is undesirable, then the value 1 is recommended. Otherwise, for users not familiar with this parameter the recommended value is 0. When the value -1 or 1 is used it is essential to test the value of IFAIL on exit.

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

If on entry IFAIL = 0 or -1, explanatory error messages are output on the current error message unit (as defined by X04AAF).

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

IFAIL = 1

The routine has been called with an argument less than or equal to zero for which the function is not defined. The result returned is zero.

7 Accuracy

If δ and ϵ are the relative errors in argument and result respectively, then in principle,

$$|\epsilon| \simeq \left| \frac{e^{-x}}{E_1(x)} \times \delta \right|$$

so the relative error in the argument is amplified in the result by at least a factor $e^{-x}/E_1(x)$. The equality should hold if δ is greater than the **machine precision** (δ due to data errors etc.) but if δ is simply a result of round-off in the machine representation, it is possible that an extra figure may be lost in internal calculation and round-off.

The behaviour of this amplification factor is shown in the following graph:

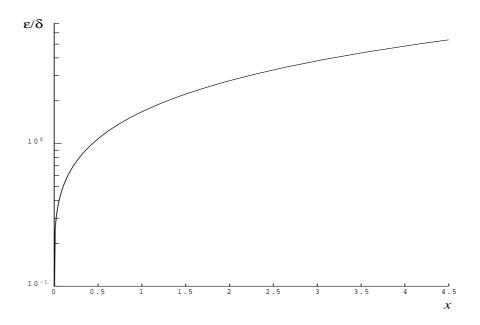


Figure 1

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It should be noted that, for small x, the amplification factor tends to zero and eventually the error in the result will be limited by **machine precision**.

For large x,

$$\epsilon \sim x\delta = \Delta$$
,

the absolute error in the argument.

8 Further Comments

None.

9 Example

The example program reads values of the argument x from a file, evaluates the function at each value of x and prints the results.

9.1 Program Text

Note: the listing of the example program presented below uses **bold italicised** terms to denote precision-dependent details. Please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of these terms. As explained in the Essential Introduction to this manual, the results produced may not be identical for all implementations.

```
S13AAF Example Program Text
      Mark 14 Revised. NAG Copyright 1989.
      .. Parameters ..
      INTEGER
                        NIN, NOUT
      PARAMETER
                        (NIN=5, NOUT=6)
      .. Local Scalars ..
      real
      INTEGER
                        IFAIL
      .. External Functions ..
      real
                        S13AAF
      EXTERNAL
                        S13AAF
      .. Executable Statements ..
      WRITE (NOUT, *) 'S13AAF Example Program Results'
      Skip heading in data file
      READ (NIN, *)
      WRITE (NOUT, *)
      WRITE (NOUT,*) '
                                         Y
                                                  IFAIL'
                            X
      WRITE (NOUT, *)
   20 READ (NIN, \star, END=40) X
      IFAIL = 1
      Y = S13AAF(X,IFAIL)
      WRITE (NOUT, 99999) X, Y, IFAIL
      GO TO 20
   40 STOP
99999 FORMAT (1X,1P,2e12.3,17)
      END
```

9.2 Program Data

```
S13AAF Example Program Data
2.0
-1.0
```

9.3 Program Results

```
S13AAF Example Program Results

X Y IFAIL

2.000E+00 4.890E-02 0
```

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-1.000E+00 0.000E+00 1

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